# Farm Service Agency, USDA

for refunds of unused loan funds, which shall be applied to the loan for which the funds were advanced.

## § 765.154 Distribution of payments.

The Agency applies both regular and extra payments to each loan in the following order, as applicable:

- (a) Recoverable costs and protective advances plus interest;
  - (b) Deferred non-capitalized interest;
  - (c) Accrued deferred interest;
- (d) Interest accrued to date of payment; and
  - (e) Loan principal.

#### § 765.155 Final loan payments.

- (a) General. (1) Unless the Agency has reservations regarding the validity of the payment, the Agency may release the borrower's security instruments at the time payment is made, if the borrower makes a final payment by one of the following methods:
  - (i) Cash;
  - (ii) U.S. Treasury check;
  - (iii) Cashier's check; or
  - (iv) Certified check.
- (2) Security instruments will only be released when all loans secured by the instruments have been paid in full or otherwise satisfied.
- (3) The Agency will return the paid note and satisfied security instruments to the borrower after the Agency processes the final payment and determines that the total indebtedness is paid in full
- (b) Borrower refunds. If the borrower refunds the entire loan after the loan is closed, the borrower must pay interest from the date of the note to the date the Agency received the funds.
- (c) Overpayments. If an Agency miscalculation of a final payment results in an overpayment by the borrower of less than \$10, the borrower must request a refund from the Agency in writing. Overpayments of \$10 or more automatically will be refunded by the Agency.
- (d) Underpayments. If an Agency miscalculation of a final payment amount results in an underpayment, the Agency may collect all account balances resulting from its error. If the Agency cannot collect an underpayment from the borrower, the Agency will attempt

to settle the debt in accordance with subpart B of 7 CFR part 1956.

## §§ 765.156-765.200 [Reserved]

# Subpart E—Protecting the Agency's Security Interest

## § 765.201 General policy.

All Agency servicing actions regarding preservation and protection of Agency security will be consistent with the covenants and agreements contained in all loan agreements and security instruments.

### § 765.202 Borrower responsibilities.

The borrower must:

- (a) Comply with all provisions of the loan agreements;
- (1) Non-compliance with the provisions of loan agreements and documents, other than failure to meet scheduled loan repayment installments contained in the promissory note, constitutes non-monetary default on FLP loans by the borrower;
- (2) Borrower non-compliance will be considered by the Agency when making eligibility determinations for future requests for assistance and may adversely impact such requests;
- (b) Maintain, protect, and account for all security:
- (c) Pay the following, unless State law requires the Agency to pay:
- (1) Fees for executing, filing or recording financing statements, continuation statements or other security instruments; and
- (2) The cost of lien search reports;
- (d) Pay taxes on property securing FLP loans when they become due;
- (e) Maintain insurance coverage in an amount specified by the Agency;
- (f) Protect the interests of the Agency when a third party brings suit or takes other action that could affect Agency security.

### § 765.203 Protective advances.

When necessary to protect the Agency's security interest, costs incurred for the following actions will be charged to the borrower's account:

- (a) Maintain abandoned security property;
- (b) Preserve inadequately maintained security;